Some Suggested Research Topics

Domestic Terrorism
Counter intelligence and Security Counter measures
International Trade and the Funding of Terrorism
The Role of International, Non-Governmental Organizations in Combating Terrorism
Freedom of Information Act
Narco-terrorism
Terrorism and Insurgency in the Russian Federation
Critical Infrastructure Protection
US National Security Council
Cyber Terrorism
Proliferation and Monitoring of Weapons of Mass Destruction
Transnational Terrorism
International Law and Terrorism
The Politics of Terrorism
Hezbollah
Taliban and the Northern Alliance
Current and Long Term Threats of Terrorism
Assessing the Threat of Biological Terrorism
Does the Continued Threat of Terrorist Attacks Suggest a Serious Deficiency in National Intelligence Collection?
Should Terrorists Be Treated as Criminals or Military Targets?
If Terrorists are treated as Criminals, Which Court System Should They Be tried In?
Department of Homeland Security.
The Media and Terrorism.
Rights of Terrorism Suspects.

You decide! Key points to consider:

1) Security versus civil rights.
2) The legality of retaliating militarily to terrorist activities.
3) The prospect of “winning” a war against terrorism.
4) Countries have launched military attacks against suspected terrorists, as well as governments that support them.
5) Some governments seek to assassinate suspected terrorists in foreign countries, raising complicated issues of international law.
6) Many countries refuse to negotiate with or meet the demands of any terrorist organization, while others may be willing to compromise in order to prevent future attacks.