# **Minnesota State University Moorhead**

# CJ 335: Criminal Law

### A. COURSE DESCRIPTION

Credits: 3

Lecture Hours/Week: 3

Lab Hours/Week: 0

OJT Hours/Week: \*.\*

Prerequisites: None

Corequisites: None

MnTC Goals: None

Substantive criminal law, development and meaning of principles of criminal law, current issues. Same as POL 335

### B. COURSE EFFECTIVE DATES: 02/02/2000 - Present

## C. OUTLINE OF MAJOR CONTENT AREAS

- 1. Nature, Purpose and Function of Criminal law
- 2. Constitutional limitations
- 3. Theories of punishment and sentencing policy
- 4. Elements of crimes---actus reus, mens rea and concurrence
- 5. Parties to crimes and vicarious liability
- 6. Inchoate crimes---attempt, conspiracy, solicitation
- 7. Defenses to crime---justifications and excuses
- 8. Crimes against persons---assault, battery, criminal sexual conduct, homicide, kidnapping, false imprisonment, robbery and extortion.
- 9. Crimes against property and habitation---burglary, arson, trespass, mischief, larceny, embezzlement, fraud
- 10. White collar crime---securities fraud, tax evasion, antitrust
- 11. Crimes against morality and public order---disturbing the peace, riot, unlawful assembly, breach of the public peace
- 12. Narcotics and alcohol related crime and punishment

## **D. LEARNING OUTCOMES (General)**

- 1. Students will understand the development of American criminal law as it evolved from British common law concepts and the process of codification occurring in the 19th and 20th centuries, as well as the development of the Model Penal Code and other scholarly attempts at a unified criminal code structure.
- 2. Students will understand the constitutional context of criminal law and criminal procedure both in federal and state constitutional development and the limitations placed on both federal and state government in the area of crime control.
- 3. Students will understand and appreciate the relevance of defining elements of crimes¿act, intent, and legal concurrence and learn both the common law and modern statutory definitions of criminal prohibitions in all major subject areas.
- 4. Students will be able to categorize crimes by subject area----crimes against persons, property, morality and public order, white collar crime, crimes against habitation and understand the substantive peculiarities, origins and prosecutorial efforts sought within each subject area.

## E. Minnesota Transfer Curriculum Goal Area(s) and Competencies

None

#### F. LEARNER OUTCOMES ASSESSMENT

As noted on course syllabus

## **G. SPECIAL INFORMATION**

None noted